

Name \_\_\_\_\_

**Equivalent Ratios and Graphs**



**COMMON CORE STANDARD—6.RP.3A**  
*Understand ratio concepts and use ratio reasoning to solve problems.*

Christie makes bracelets. She uses 8 charms for each bracelet. Use this information for 1–4.

- Complete the table of equivalent ratios for the first 5 bracelets.

<b>Charms</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>24</b>	<b>32</b>	<b>40</b>
<b>Bracelets</b>	1	2	3	4	5

- Write ordered pairs, letting the  $x$ -coordinate represent the number of bracelets and the  $y$ -coordinate represent the number of charms.

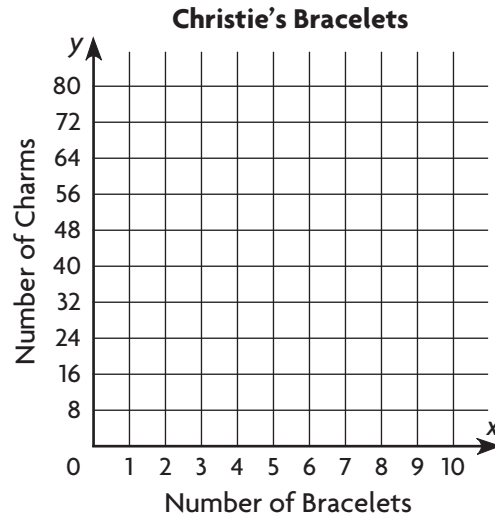
(1, **8**), (2, **16**), (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_),  
(\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_), (\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_)

- What does the point (1, 8) represent on the graph?

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

- Use the ordered pairs to graph the charms and bracelets.



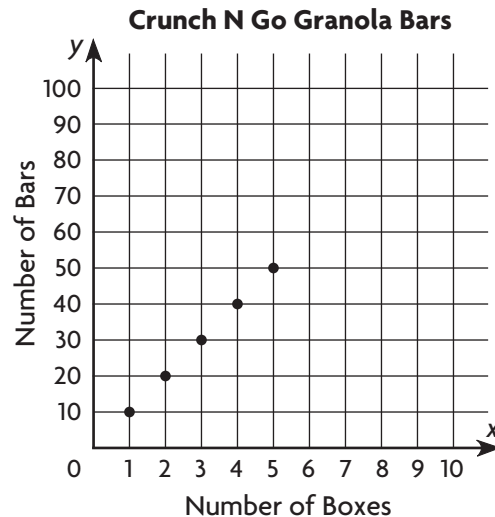
The graph shows the number of granola bars that are in various numbers of boxes of Crunch N Go. Use the graph for 5–6.

- Complete the table of equivalent ratios.

<b>Bars</b>				
<b>Boxes</b>	1	2	3	4

- Find the unit rate of granola bars per box.

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**Problem Solving**

- Look at the graph for Christie's Bracelets. How many charms are needed for 7 bracelets?

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- Look at the graph for Crunch N Go Granola Bars. Stefan needs to buy 90 granola bars. How many boxes must he buy?

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